

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY: CONSTRUCTION

NOVEMBER 2019

MARKING GUIDELINES

MARKS: 200

These marking guidelines consist of 18 pages.

QUESTION 1: OHSA, SAFETY, MATERIALS, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND JOINING (GENERIC)

1.1 1.1.1 B✓ (1) 1.1.2 **I** ✓ (1) 1.1.3 A **√** (1) 1.1.4 G/H ✓ (1) 1.1.5 C✓ (1) F✓ 1.1.6 (1) 1.1.7 J✓ (1) 1.1.8 E✓ (1)

1.2 Electroplating:

- protects metals against corrosion. ✓
- improves the engineering- and mechanical properties of metal. ✓
- may be used to increase the thickness of undersized parts.
- is decorative.
- will extend the life span.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

(2)

(1)

1.4 The moisture:

Curing ✓

1.3

- delays/prevents the rapid drying of fresh concrete.
- prevents concrete from cracking. ✓
- ensures that fresh concrete hardens properly.
- allows adhesive bonding.
- increases strength of fresh concrete.

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE

(1)

- When material is transported in bulk, it must be secured firmly. ✓
 - When material is transported to higher levels, make sure that workers maintain a safe distance from the material being moved overhead. ✓
 - When heavy material is transported with a lift/hoist/machine, a qualified person must take charge of operations.
 - Wear appropriate personal protective equipment(PPE).
 - Material must be transported in a safe way.
 - Transport should not be overloaded with material.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

(2)

1.8.3

(1)

NSC – Marking Guidelines

1.6	 k k r k r e k 	I planks should: De made of a solid wood at least 228 mm wide and 38 mm thick. ✓ De able to support the load. De free from defects. De painted as it will hide defects/be slippery. De supported at distances not exceeding 1,25 m. De project less than 70 mm and not more than 230 mm beyond the ends of the last prop. De firmly secured to prevent its displacement. De placed in such a way to prevent materials and tools from falling	
	t	nrough. NE OF THE ABOVE	(1)
1.7	1.7.1	Dumpy level ✓	(1)
	1.7.2	If the dumpy level is not set up level: • it will give inaccurate readings. ✓ • wrong levels will be transferred. • true levels will not be transferred. ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE	(1)
1.8	1.8.1	A – Plastic plug/Plug/Rawl plug/Fisher plug/Fibre plug ✓	(1)
	1.8.2	A screw ✓	(1)

portraits and similar objects against a wall. objects, limited to certain weight, against walls.

Plastic plugs are used to secure:

• mirrors against a wall.

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE

• cupboards against a wall. ✓

[20]

QUESTION 2: GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (GENERICS)

ANSWER SHEET 2

NO.	QUESTIONS	ANSWERS	MARKS
1	Identify the elevation in FIGURE A.	West Elevation ✓	1
2	Identify the type of roof that is used on the building in FIGURE A.	Hipped roof ✓	1
3	Identify number 1.	Ridge Capping/Ridge plate/Ridge tile/Hip cap ✓	1
4	Identify number 4.	Balcony/Floor slab of balcony/Cantilever/Concrete slab ✓	1
5	Identify number 5.	External door/Entrance door/Door/Outside door ✓	1
6	Identify number 7.	Gutter ✓	1
7	Identify number 8.	Rainwater down pipe/RWDP/Down pipe ✓	1
8	Identify number 12.	Wash trough/Wash tub ✓	1
9	Identify number 13.	Built-in cupboard/BIC ✓	1
10	Identify number 15.	Landing ✓	1
11	Identify the company that printed the building plan.	Dlamini printers ✓	1
12	Name a suitable material that can be used for the manufacturing of number 2.	Fibre cement/Galvanised sheeting/ Timber/Plastic/PVC/Polyvinylchloride✓	1
13	Name the drawing symbol in the column for the notes in FIGURE 2 that must be installed in the kitchen.	Electricity meter/Electrical meter/Watt meter/Prepaid meter ✓	1
14	Name the drawing symbol in the column for the notes in FIGURE 2 that indicates the type of bricks for the building.	Face brick ✓	1
15	Name a material that should NOT be used to manufacture the frame of number 9 for coastal areas.	Steel/Mild steel/Iron/Ferrous metals ✓	1

	T		
16	Name a material that can be used to manufacture the sanitary fitting indicated by number 11.	Stainless steel/Plastic/Ceramic/ Granite/Acrylic/Fibre Glass/Concrete√	1
17	Who checked the building plan?	P Carter ✓	1
18	How many types of windows are used in FIGURE B?	2 ✓	1
19	What does the abbreviation <i>NGL</i> at number 6 stand for?	Natural ground level ✓	1
20	Give the reference code for this plan.	QP 2-2019 ✓	1
21	Which room will electrical symbol 16 serve?	Lounge ✓	1
22	Describe the purpose of number 3.	Prevent people from falling off/through. ✓ ✓	2
23	Explain what the curved lines between the electrical installations in FIGURE B indicate.	Electrical wiring/Wiring/Electrical cable/Wiring from light switch to light/Shows which switch operates which electrical fitting. ✓✓	2
24	Explain why the light switch is mounted on the outside of the bathroom.	To prevent steam/moisture entering the switch/To prevent electrical shock due to moisture/For safety purposes ✓	1
25	Identify in FIGURE 2 which elevation does NOT have windows.	North elevation ✓	1
26	Identify the thickness of the internal wall in FIGURE 2.	110 mm ✓	1
27	Differentiate between symbols 13 and 15 in terms of their purpose.	 13 – Built-in cupboard: to store items. ✓ 15 – Landing: to rest/safety feature/change of direction of stairs ✓ 	2
28	Justify why FIGURE B is a ground floor plan.	 Ground floorplan: does not indicate the roofline ✓ does not indicate the balcony indicate an entrance door to the house indicate a step at the entrance door the position of the windows and door correlate with the positions of the window and door on the west elevation 	1

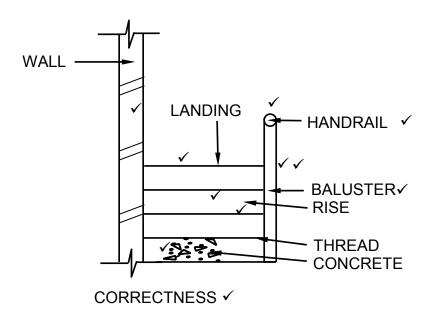
29	Predict what will happen if number 10 is NOT installed.	Water/Damp will penetrate into the wall. ✓	1
30	Redraw the staircase in FIGURE B in the adjacent column and indicate the direction of the flight with arrows.	OR ————————————————————————————————————	2
31	Calculate the total length of the wall on the eastern side of the building. Show ALL calculations.	220 ✓ + 2 600 ✓ + 110 ✓ + 3 400 ✓ + 220 ✓ = 6 550 mm or 6,55 m ✓ IF INCORRECT METHOD IS USED TO CALCULATE THE ANSWER USE THE FOLLOWING SLIDING SCALE: • 4 MARKS WILL BE AWARDED IF ALL FIVE VALUES ARE CORRECT • 3 MARKS FOR FOUR VALUES CORRECT • 2 MARKS FOR THREE VALUES CORRECT • 1 MARK FOR 2 VALUES CORRECT	6
		TOTAL:	40

(1)

QUESTION 3: ROOFS, STAIRCASES AND JOINING (SPECIFIC)

Clout nails/Nails/Screws/Bolts ✓

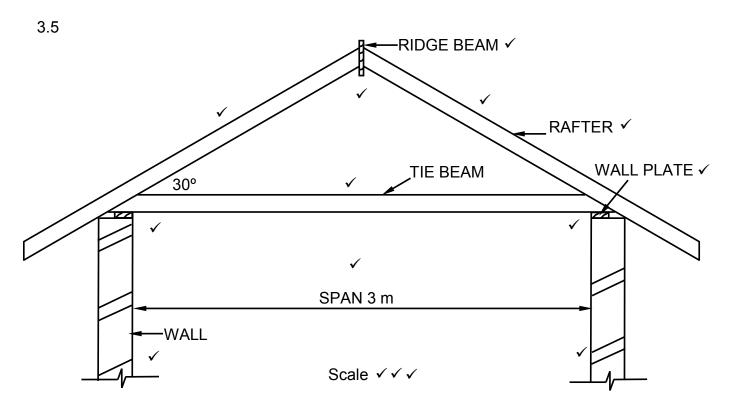
	ANY ON	E OF THE ABOVE	(1)
	Bolt and i	nut	
	Baluster I	bolted/screwed to the side of the tread/string	
	Bolt balus	ster onto the tread	
3.2	Predrilled	d hole filled with grout ✓	
	3.1.3	38 mm round poles ✓	(1)
	3.1.2	650 mm ✓	(1)
3.1	3.1.1	10° ✓	(1)



HANDRAIL WALL WALL WALL CORRECTNESS V

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Wall	1
Landing	1
Baluster	1
Handrails	2
THREE treads	1
Concrete	1
Any TWO labels	2
Correctness of drawing	1
TOTA	AL: 10

(10)



DRAWING NOT TO SCALE A MASK MUST BE USED TO MARK THIS QUESTION

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Walls	2
Wall plates	2
Rafters	2
Ridge beam	1
Tie beam	1
Any THREE labels	3
Dimension of the span	1
Application of scale:	
ONE or TWO incorrect = 3	3
THREE or FOUR incorrect = 2	3
More than FIVE incorrect = 1	
TOTAL:	15

(15) **[30]**

4.3.2

4.3.3

(2)

(2)

QUESTION 4: EXCAVATIONS, FORMWORK, TOOLS, **EQUIPMENT** AND **MATERIALS (SPECIFIC)** 4.1 4.1.1 600 mm ✓ (1) 412 1 meter ✓ (1) 4.1.3 Heavy rains ✓ Poor soil strata, structure or composition ✓ Sides not dug at correct angle Improper use of formwork or shoring to support the walls Vibration by machinery or heavy vehicles nearby Water seeping into the excavated area Contact with underground service pipes Access to and exit from the excavation Trucks must not go near the edge of the excavation Soil slides due to cracks or loose soil ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE (2) 4.1.4 1.5 meter ✓ (1) 4.1.5 Benching can be done/Formwork/Shuttering can be installed ✓ (1) 4.2 4.2.1 A- will be used in shallow trenches/loose soil ✓ B- will be used in firm soil ✓ (2) 4.2.2 C- Poling boards ✓ D- Walling boards ✓ (2) 4.2.3 A – Has no space between the boarding ✓ B – Has open spaces between the boards ✓ (2) 4.3.1 Power trowel float/Power float ✓ 4.3 (1)

Maintain like all machinery - lubricate and adjust according

Service the power trowel float/power float regularly.

Check for wear and damage parts before use. ✓

Check controls for proper response before use. ✓

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to the manufacturers, instruction. ✓

Clean after use. ✓

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

Store in a safe dry place.

Wood shavings

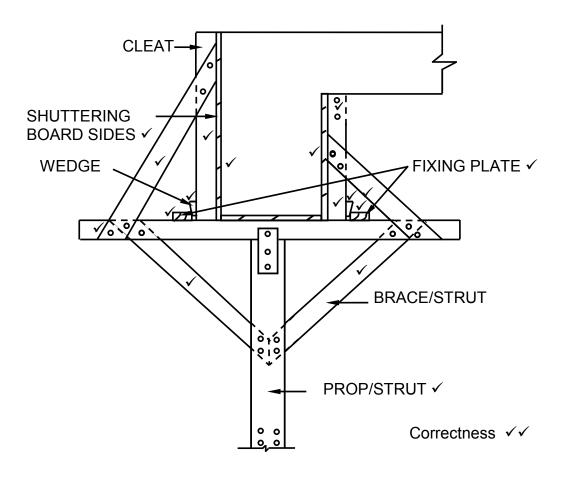
ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE

Canvas Hessian

(1)

NSC – Marking Guidelines

4.4	25/30 MPa ✓	(1)
4.5	 True slump ✓ Shear slump ✓ Collapsed slump ✓ IF THE SECOND PART OF THE ANSWER "SLUMP" IS NOT MENTIONED A MAXIMUM OF 2 MARKS WILL BE AWARDED FOR THE QUESTION. 	(3)
4.6	 Damp sand/Sand ✓ Clean sand Soil Sacking Straw 	



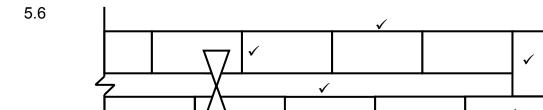
ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Shutter board sides	2
Cleats	2
Fixing plates	2
Wedges	2
Braces/Struts	4
Joining of braces to bearer	1
Any THREE labels	3
Correctness of drawing	2
TOTAL	: 18

(18)

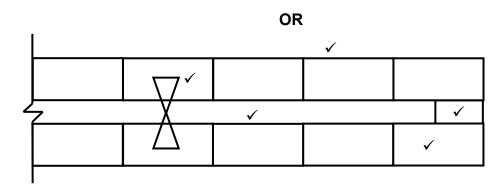
[40]

QUESTION 5: PLASTER AND SCREED, BRICKWORK AND GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (SPECIFIC)

5.1	WBS	mooth plaster finish ✓ /avy plastered surface agging plaster finish patter dash finish IE OF THE ABOVE	(1)
5.2	Wet the	wall thoroughly ✓	(1)
5.3	• W • C • G	of good plaster: Vorkable ✓ cohesive Good water retention ability IE OF THE ABOVE	(1)
5.4	15 mm to	o 40 mm ✓	(1)
5.5	5.5.1	A- Brick/Pavers/Cement paver ✓ B- Bedding/Sand/Bedding sand/Screed ✓ C- Base (mass concrete) ✓ D- Damp proof membrane/DPM/Plastic sheeting/Damp proof course/DPC ✓	(4)
	5.5.2	 The concrete haunch is too thin to support itself. ✓ There is too little weight to retain the structure and to keep the paving in place. The bond between the haunch and the edge units is weak. The sub-base is not contained and will be washed out by ground water. Poor ground preparation. 	(1)
		ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE	(1)



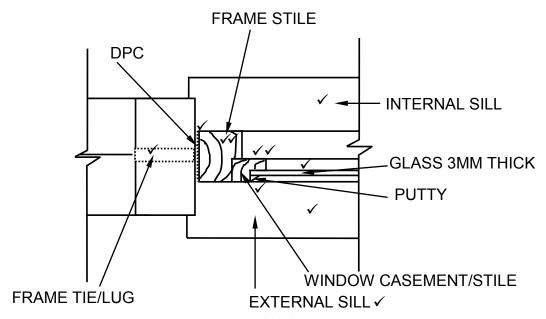
Correctness ✓✓



Correctness ✓ ✓

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Dead end	2
Inner skin of cavity wall	1
Outer skin of cavity wall	1
Wall tie (Any type)	1
Correctness of drawing	2
TOTAL:	7

(7)



Application of scale 1:5 ✓✓✓

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE. USE A MASK TO MARK THIS QUESTION.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Frame stile: 105 mm x 70 mm	2
Window stile/Casement stile: 60 mm x 45 mm	2
Frame tie/lug: 25 mm wide	1
Glass: 3 mm thick	1
Putty	1
Internal window sill	1
External window sill	1
DPC	1
Any ONE label	1
Application of scale: ONE or TWO incorrect = 3 THREE or FOUR incorrect = 2 More than FIVE incorrect = 1	3
TOTAL:	14

(14) **[30]**

REINFORCEMENT IN CONCRETE, FOUNDATIONS, CONCRETE **QUESTION 6:** FLOORS AND QUANTITIES (SPECIFIC)

6.1 6.1.1 D✓ (1) 6.1.2 A/B ✓ (1) 6.1.3 C ✓ (1) 6.1.4 A ✓ (1) 6.1.5 D ✓ (1)

6.2 Pile foundations:

- Should be used when ground conditions are not stable or solid enough to support ordinary foundations. ✓
- Foundation piles distribute the load to more stable ground and can be used as underground or under water supports. ✓
- Piles provide stability when a raft or floating foundation is used.
- When structures are subjected to horizontal forces, pile foundations resist bending stress while still lending vertical support.
- Where soils are prone to swelling and shrinking according to the moisture content.
- When the superstructure is exposed to up-lifting forces.
- Where soil erosion is possible, piles should be used to carry the load of the super structure.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

(2)

- 6.3 Drills ✓
 - Tampers ✓
 - Pile drop hammer/Drop hammer ✓
 - Trucks
 - Cranes

ANY THREE OF THE ABOVE

(3)

6.4	Steel tube caisson piles	Pre-cast concrete piles	
	Steel tube casing driven into the	The whole pre-cast pile is driven into	
	ground using a drop hammer and	the ground using a drop hammer. ✓	
	filled with concrete/cast in situ. ✓		(2)

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6.5 6.5.1 Rib-and-block floor ✓

(1)

- 6.5.2
 Allow 28 days for the setting of the concrete slab. ✓
 - The concrete has to be kept moist for 7 days after casting to ensure curing. ✓
 - Temporary propping can be removed when the in-situ concrete has reached a crushing strength of 17 MPa. ✓
 - Adhere to the normal formwork striking times.
 - Ensure minimum movement on the rib-and- block floor after casting.
 - Normal construcion activities can only continue after the concrete has set properly.
 - Inspect for visible defects.

ANY THREE OF THE ABOVE

(3)

- 6.5.3 In-situ concrete/Mass concrete/Reinforced concrete ✓ (1)
- 6.5.4 The width/length/size of the concrete hollow block. ✓

(1)

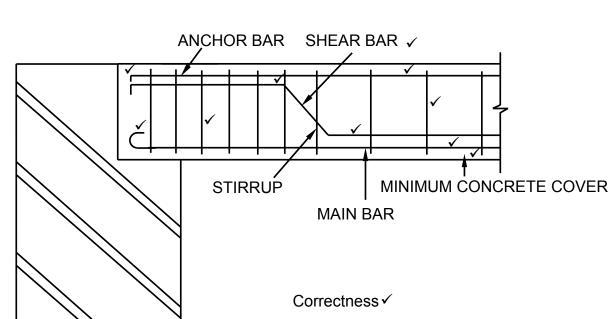
6.5.5

6.6

- The concrete can crack. ✓
- The structural integrity of the concrete may be compromised.
- Concrete/Structure can collapse.

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE

(1)



ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	MARK
Anchor bar	2
Shear bar	2
Spacing of Stirrups/Binders	2
Main bar	2
Minimum concrete cover	1
Any ONE label	1
Correctness of drawing	1
TOTAL:	11

(11)

Α	В	С	D
			Total length of wall plate needed:
2/ ✓	8,56 ✓	17,12 m ✓	Length of the wall = 9 000 mm √- 2/220 ✓
Z1 ¥	0,30 17,12 11	= 8 560 mm	
			NO UNIT IN FINAL ANSWER NO MARK
			Number of roof trusses needed:
			Internal dimension + 1 roof truss
			Distance between centres
			8 560 mm √ + 1 roof truss √ 1 070 mm √
			1 070 mm ✓
			= 8 + 1 roof truss ✓
			= 9 roof trusses needed ✓

(-)

(5)

(5) **[40]**

TOTAL: 200