

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

GEOGRAPHY P2

NOVEMBER 2018

MARKS: 75

TIME: 1½ hours

EXAMINATION							
NUMBER:							
CENTRE							
NUMBER:							

	M	In	SM	In	DM	In	CM	In	IM	In	MC	EA	EX	RM	In
Q1															
Q2															
Q3															
Q4															
TOT														·	

This question paper consists of 14 pages and 1 page for rough work and calculations.

RESOURCE MATERIAL

- 1. An extract from topographic map 2930CB PIETERMARITZBURG.
- 2. Orthophoto map 2930 CB 8 PIETERMARITZBURG.
- 3. **NOTE:** The resource material must be collected by schools for their own use.

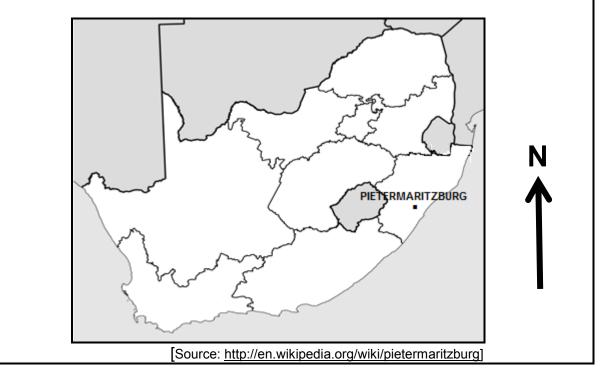
INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. Write your EXAMINATION NUMBER and CENTRE NUMBER in the spaces on the cover page.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper.
- 3. You are provided with a 1:50 000 topographic map (2930CB PIETERMARITZBURG) and an orthophoto map (2930 CB 8 PIETERMARITZBURG) of a part of the mapped area.
- 4. You must hand the topographic map and the orthophoto map to the invigilator at the end of this examination session.
- 5. You may use the blank page at the end of this question paper for all rough work and calculations. Do NOT detach this page from the question paper.
- 6. Show ALL calculations and use the formulae provided, where applicable. Marks will be allocated for these.
- 7. Indicate the unit of measurement in the final answer of calculations, e.g. 10 km; 2,1 cm.
- 8. You may use a non-programmable calculator.
- 9. You may use a magnifying glass.
- 10. The area demarcated in RED on the topographic map represents the area covered by the orthophoto map.
- 11. The following English terms and their Afrikaans translations are shown on the topographic map:

AFRIKAANS ENGLISH Aerodrome Vliegveld Diggings **Uitgrawings** Canal Kanaal Firebreak Brandgordel Gholfbaan Golf Course Hiking Trail Staproete Hospital Hospitaal River Rivier Rioolwerke Sewerage Works Waterworks Waterwerke

GENERAL INFORMATION ON PIETERMARITZBURG

Pietermaritzburg (umGungundlovu) is the capital city of KwaZulu-Natal. This second-largest city in the province was founded in 1838. It is a regionally important industrial hub, well-known for processing aluminium, timber and dairy products. It has an estimated population of around 500 000 (including neighbouring townships). Pietermaritzburg is situated along the N3 national road, the main route between the Pretoria-Witwatersrand-Vereeniging conurbation and the harbour city of Durban, some 90 kilometres from Pietermaritzburg. The Oribi airport is situated just outside Pietermaritzburg and has a regular scheduled service to the OR Tambo International Airport in Johannesburg.



QUESTION 1: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

The questions below are based on the 1:50 000 topographic map (2930CB PIETERMARITZBURG) as well as the orthophoto map of a part of the mapped area. Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) in the block next to each question.

1.1	Pietermaritzburg is the capital city of	
	A Mpumalanga. B KwaZulu-Natal. C Free State. D Limpopo.	
1.2	The harbour closest to Pietermaritzburg is	
	A Richards Bay.B Port Elizabeth.C Durban.D Cape Town.	
1.3	If you travel along the N3 in a north-westerly direction you will reach the town/city of	е
	A New Hanover.B Donnybrook.C Merrivale.D Harrismith.	
1.4	The true bearing of spot height 1031 (K) in block B6 from trigonometrical station 263 (J) in block D7 on the topographic map is	n
	A 341° B 161° C 140° D 19°	
1.5	The economic activity at U in block A12 is a activity.	
	A primary B secondary C tertiary D quaternary	
1.6	The land-use zone at 1 on the orthophoto map is the	
	A CBD. B transition zone. C green belt. D rural-urban fringe.	

1.7	The human-made feature at 2 on the orthophoto map is a							
	A B C D	veterinary clinic. townhouse complex. shopping centre. office park.						
1.8	The	slope at line 3 on the orthophoto map is						
	A B C D	concave. convex. stepped. uniform.						
1.9		main human-made factor that influenced the site of the farmstead at ${\bf L}$ in ${\bf k}$ ${\bf B9}$ on the topographic map is						
	A B C D	the other road. a market. a reservoir. flat land.						
1.10		stream/drainage pattern that dominates area M in block B10 and block B11 he topographic map is a pattern.						
	A B C D	centripetal. radial. rectangular. trellis.						
1.11	The	dominant street pattern in block G2 on the topographic map is						
	A B C D	radial. unplanned irregular. grid iron. planned irregular.						
1.12		feature controlling the amount of water flowing through the canal in the k H8 on the topographic map:						
	A B C D	Bridge Buildings Weir Slope						

1.13	.13 Swartkop in block F1 on the topographic map is a					
	A B C D	butte. mesa. pointed butte. conical hill.				
1.14		e general direction of flow of the river in the valley represented by the curved e 4 on the orthophoto map:				
	A B C D	North West East South				
1.15		distance between T in block A12 and New Hanover on the topographic map kilometres.				
	A B C D	0,2 22 20,2 2				
		(15 x 1)	[15]			

QUESTION 2: MAP CALCULATIONS AND TECHNIQUES

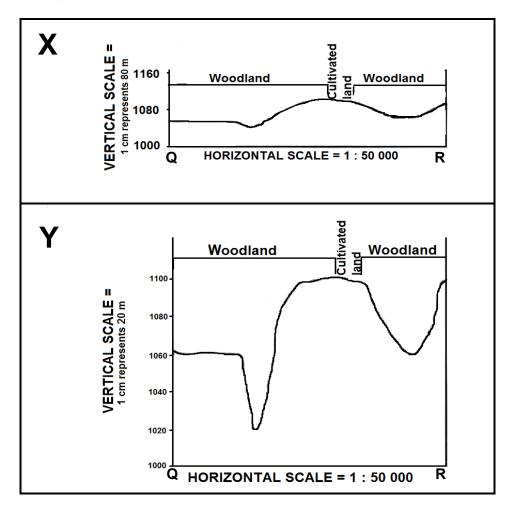
	2.1.1	State the topographic map index/code of Pietermaritzburg.
		(1 x 1)
	2.1.2	Determine the grid reference/co-ordinates of Town Hill at point ${\bf N}$ in block ${\bf F7}$ on the topographic map.
		(2 x 1)
	2.1.3	The tourist wants to hike the Voortrekker Wagon Hiking Trail in block F6 using a compass. Calculate the magnetic declination for 2018. Show ALL calculations. Marks will be awarded for calculations. Clearly indicate the unit of measurement in your final answer.
		Difference in years:
		Mean annual change:
		Total change:
		Magnetic declination for 2018:
		(5 x 1)
2	Refer	to the Voortrekker Wagon Hiking Trail in block F6 on the topographic map.
		State the orthophoto map index/code that a tourist will use when hiking the Voortrekker Wagon Hiking Trail.

2.2.2 Calculate the average gradient between contour line **O** (height 820 m) and the trigonometrical station at **P** on the topographic map. Show ALL calculations. Marks will be awarded for calculations.

Formula: Average gradient = vertical interval (VI)
horizontal equivalent (HE)

(5 x 1)
Describe the curved route of the Voortrekker Wagon Hiking Trail from its
start at O to the trigonometrical station at World's View.

2.3 Refer to benchmark 1060.9 at **Q** in block **D4** and spot height 1106 at **R** in block **C6** on the topographic map. The cross-sections below represent the line between **Q** and **R**.



2.3.1 Match cross-sections **X** and **Y** with the vertical exaggerations below.

2.3.2 Explain how the vertical exaggeration of cross-sections would make interpretation of the landscape easier.

(2 x 1) (2) **[20]**

QUESTION 3: APPLICATION AND INTERPRETATION

3.1.1	Name the least/testion, wind that is respectful for the formed in a first
	Name the local/tertiary wind that is responsible for the formation of frost.
	(1 x 1)
3.1.2	Explain how the wind named in QUESTION 3.1.1 causes frost.
	(2 x 2)
	to slope 5 (low-income residential area) and slope 6 (high-income ential area) on the orthophoto map.
3.2.1	Explain how aspect of slope influenced the site of the high-income residential area at 6 .
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(1 x 2
3.2.2	
	Give ONE reason, evident on the orthophoto map, that influenced the location of the low-income residential area at slope 5 .
3.2.3	location of the low-income residential area at slope 5. (1 x 2)
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re or a regional shopping centre? Give a reason for your answer. wer:
son:
(1 + 2)
the industries at Willowton at 8 on the orthophoto map market-orientated or material-orientated? Give a reason for your answer.
ver:
son:
OUI.

3.6		to the njustice	
	Social	justice:	
	Social	injustice:	
			(2 x 2) (4) [2!
QUE	STION	4: GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS)	
4.1	Refer t	to block D8 on the topographic map.	
	4.1.1	Name the type of vector data used in block D8 to indicate the sec road.	ondary
			(1 x 1) (1)
	4.1.2	Explain the relevance of using vector data on the topographic map.	
			(1 x 2) (2)
4.2	Refer	to the topographic map and orthophoto map.	
	4.2.1	Is scale an example of attribute or spatial data?	
			(1 x 1) (1)

4.3

2.2	Explain the relevance of scale when facing a geographical query/problem, e.g. a possible veld fire in block D8 on the topographic map.					
	(1 x 2)					
.2.3	How can the scale of the topographic map and orthophoto map be manipulated in order to make data integration of these two maps easier?					
	(1 x 2)					
elect	(1 x 2) to the topographic map and orthophoto map. The statistics below refer to ted suburbs in Pietermaritzburg and the percentage (%) increase in crime from 2015 to 2016.					

PERCENTAGE (%) INCREASE IN CRIME LEVELS									
TYPE OF CRIME		SUBURBS							
	Townhill (F7)	Mountain Rise (F1)	Plessislaer (I6)						
Housebreaking	18,6%	11,3%	23,4%						
Car hijacking	100%	177,8%	36,4%						

	[Adapted from SAPS crime statistics 2015–16 by Theuns Kruger, Graphic 24]
3.1	Name ONE way in which the data above could have been collected.
	(1 x 1)
3.2	Is the information in the table above primary data or secondary data?
	(1 x 1)
3.3	Which type of crime has shown the highest percentage increase in these suburbs?
	(1 x 1)

4.3.4	4 Explain why it is important for the well-being of Pietermaritzburg to analyse these statistics.	of the	community	of	
				_	
				_	
				_	
			(2 x		(4) [15

TOTAL: 75

ROUGH WORK AND CALCULATIONS

(NOTE: Do NOT detach this page from the question paper.)